

Schools Open To 'Reds'; Jury Blames Gibney

Board of Education Official Is Accused of Allowing Radical Meetings and Speeches in City Buildings

Want Him Shorn of Power

Director of Community Centers Denies and Resents All Accusations Made

Charges were made by the Bronx Grand Jury yesterday that Eugene Gibney, director of social, community and recreation centers for the Board of Education, had been granting the use of school buildings as meeting places for extreme radicals. The jury asked that Dr. Gibney be shorn of his authority in letting school buildings. The jury's charges were made in a special report handed to Justice John W. Tamm, of the Supreme Court.

Dr. Gibney last night issued an emphatic denial of the charges. He declared that he had let buildings for social organizations as the Mayor's Committee on Protesting, the Community Council, the Bronx County Democratic Committee, the Aelion Concert Society and the Boy Scouts.

"If any of these are loose, radical or otherwise, I plead guilty," said Dr. Gibney.

Gibney Makes Denial

"I don't think it fair for the grand jury or anybody else to criticize me without having heard me. The records of my department have not been subpoenaed by the grand jury. No witness from this office was requested or commanded to appear before the grand jury. I have not been asked for any explanation, yet the grand jury arbitrarily criticizes a public official in part. The contrary is the fact, for I have been severely criticized for my selfish American and conservative views and have been complained of because I was not liberal enough in my ideas. Every application for a permit to hold a meeting is thoroughly investigated by this office. Each application for a permit must be accompanied by a list of the speakers and their topics. These proposed speakers are thoroughly investigated."

The grand jury in its report alleges that much of the radicalism in the Bronx is due to the availability of public halls to radical speakers.

"We find," says the report, "that in many instances meeting halls in the Bronx have been used by anarchists and extreme radicals for meetings at which incendiary speeches have been made, advising and urging the use of violence and forcible overthrow of our government. Many proprietors and managers of meeting halls are in a measure responsible for the anarchistic propaganda that has been spread in this part of the country."

"We recommend that such proprietors and managers should be vigorously prosecuted when they, without preliminary inquiries, rent their hall or anarchistic meetings. Proprietors and managers should be required immediately to notify the police when they are asked to rent hall for meeting purposes, and to furnish them with a list of speakers, so that the police may make an investigation and take such precautionary action as may be necessary."

Grand Jury's Censure

"The grand jury finds that the public schools of this city, especially Morris High School, in Bronx County, have been used as a forum for public discussion of radical and anarchistic propaganda. We strongly recommend that in a case where the public schools of this city are permitted to be used as forums for public discussion proper means be adopted by the Board of Education to prohibit speeches by advocates of revolutionary doctrines who favor violence and forcible overthrow of our government. We further recommend to the Board of Education that no open forums be permitted in the public schools in this county unless proper supervision is provided to prevent agitators setting forth their pernicious doctrines."

The grand jury finds that Eugene Gibney, of the Board of Education of the City of New York, has been in charge of renting and permitting the use of public and high schools of the city for the purpose of holding meetings and open forums.

"We hereby censure him for allowing and permitting the public schools, and in particular Morris High School, to be used for meetings and open forums where anarchistic and radical doctrines have been openly advocated by paid agitators."

"We further recommend that this privilege of permitting the use of these halls for meetings and open forums be taken away from the said Eugene Gibney."

Types of "Reds" Deported



Adolph Schnabel

Adolph Schnabel, a man with dark hair and a mustache, wearing a suit and tie, is shown in a portrait. He is identified as a type of "Red" deported.



Marcus Orodowsky

Marcus Orodowsky, a man with dark hair, wearing a suit and tie, is shown in a portrait. He is identified as a type of "Red" deported.

U. S. to Ship Reds' Wives On Next 'Ark'

Continued from page 1

night asking for more definite plans. The telegram said: "As attorney for some of the wives of deported aliens, I herewith inquire if the government has any definite plan at this time in reference to the deportation of these wives and children of aliens already sent out of the country, and plans in reference to wives of aliens about to be deported."

"I have already filed formal application with you on behalf of Mrs. Rosa Orodowsky, wife of Marcus Orodowsky, one of the deported aliens, but no reply to the request that she be allowed to accompany her husband was received by me. How soon may she expect to be deported?"

"On behalf of other wives and children whom I now represent, many of whom have apartments and homes and children, who desire to be deported as soon as possible, I herewith apply that the government inform me immediately as to its plan in reference to them. Also I desire at least two weeks to one month's notice of the date of the deporting to take out papers and arrange for the sale of their furniture and other belongings and for the obtaining of suitable clothing."

According to the afternoon press, rioting of wives of deported aliens took place at the Barge Office, the Battery. Many of those wives saw their husbands once or not more than twice in two weeks through wire screens and Helmsing, Finland, is the probable destination of the Buford, according to government officials. It was said that the transport probably will be joined by a number of destroyed vessels in the North Sea, which will accompany the vessel to a point near the Finnish port. A wireless message received from the Buford yesterday said, "All well and safe."

"Red" Record of 10 Deportees Given

Anarchistic Careers of Group Aboard Buford Made Public by Officials

Sixty-one of the 249 deported on the Buford were agitators who confined their activities to New York, the Department of Justice announced yesterday. The names of all of the deportees were given out by Commissioner of Immigration Caminetti in Washington. The list was made public in sketches of the government's version of their actions. The sketches, as prepared by the government, follow:

Alexander Chernoff—This man has been a very active member of the Union of Russian Workers. He is twenty-four years of age, and first arrived in the United States about three or four years ago. He was arrested in Waterbury, Conn., about three or four months ago, and at the time of his arrest by the Department of Justice was out on a bail bond of \$2,000. He asserts his arrest was due to the fact that he made a speech at the Union of Russian Workers at Waterbury, Conn. He has never made any attempt to take out papers and citizenship. Chernoff some time ago was engaged as an organizer for the union and on more than one occasion represented his organization at various radical conventions. He is a strong believer in violence.

Feodor Kusinarev—This man is about twenty-one years of age. He formerly resided at 242 East Twelfth Street. He is a Hebrew and says he left Russia to study in the United States, but had never intended to make this country his permanent home. He was an organizer for the union and was quite active in all its affairs. He is a strong advocate of free love.

John Vermanuk—This man was formerly secretary of the Maspeh

Branch of the Union of Russian Workers and it is believed that most of the labor troubles in and about Maspeh among the workers of Russian origin have been due to the activities of Vermanuk. He has been very active in organization work for the union throughout Long Island, and it is said that he is responsible for the forming of a number of branches throughout that section.

Marcus Orodowsky—This man a subject of Russia, has been in the United States but three and a half years and at the time of his arrest was the treasurer for the Union of Russian Workers. When taken into custody he had more than \$500 cash in his clothes and said that these moneys were part of the funds of the Federation. He admitted he was an anarchist and that he advocated a revolution in the United States. Orodowsky at the time of his arrest made vain efforts to escape from the officers of the Department of Justice and the police officials. For a time he was employed as a laborer, but at the time of his arrest was engaged on the publication known as "The Workman and Peasant."

Thomas Bukharov, alias Tommy the Kid—This man, who is but seventeen years old, resided at Greenpoint, Brooklyn, and was, up to the time of his arrest, employed as a machinist. He is a nephew of Peter Binkki, the organizer leader of the Union of Russian Workers, who was also deported. Bukharov asserted that he received his radical education in the public schools and public libraries of this city. He admitted being an anarchist and at the time of his arrest was engaged as financial secretary for the Greenpoint Branch of the Union of Russian Workers.

Students at New York College Required to Sign Loyalty Pledge

All students applying for admission to the College of the City of New York next semester will be required to sign a pledge of loyalty to the governments of the United States, New York State and New York City. A resolution to this effect was passed at the last meeting of the board of trustees and adopted at the recent meeting of the faculty. The pledge reads:

"As some small recognition of the great gift of education which is the American spirit of freedom and self-government, is now offered me by the College of the City of New York, I hereby pledge myself as follows:

"First—I will be actively loyal in support of the constitutional government of the United States and in the state and city of New York and in this college.

"Second—I will seek to preserve and even enhance the value of relative public property now or hereafter entrusted to my care.

"Third—As a student I will uphold the discipline and order of the college."

It was stated at the dean's office yesterday that it would be necessary to that every entrant signed the pledge.

Detroit Radicals Held Until Collector Gets Their Income Taxes

DETROIT, Dec. 22.—Further delay in the departure for New York of fifty-seven alleged radicals held here was indicated today when Internal Revenue Collector Grogan declared he would insist many of them pay overdue income taxes before leaving.

A dispute between Collector Grogan and local immigration officials led the collector to request instructions today from Commissioner of Internal Revenue Roper. Dr. P. L. Prentiss, local immigration officer, declared he would deport the alleged radicals regardless of the status of their income taxes. Mr. Grogan stated the men could be imprisoned and made to work out their debt to the government.

Meanwhile thirty of the fifty-seven held here have their baggage packed and farewells said, ready to leave on a moment's notice. Twenty-seven are married men, and their departure will be delayed pending decision as to whether their families will be deported with them.

I. W. W.'s General Strike In Northwest Postponed

INTERNATIONAL PALMS, Minn., Dec. 22.—A general strike of Industrial Workers of the World expected to be scheduled to begin in the Northwest on January 1, has been postponed indefinitely, according to information received here from the I. W. W. intelligence bureau at Washington.

The strike, it was reported, was intended to paralyze the lumbering industry of Minnesota and other states and portions of Canada bordering on the Northwest states.

Presence of Federal investigators, as well as state troops here, is said to have had a disheartening effect on the leaders in the movement.

"Red" Held on Lever Act For Mine Interference

CLEVELAND, Dec. 22.—Charles Baker, state organizer for the Communist Labor party, was arrested at Akron today by special agents of the Department of Justice on a charge of having violated the Lever Act.

A warrant for Baker's arrest was issued from Kansas City, Kan. He is alleged to have interfered with that state's operation of coal mines in the eastern section of Kansas.

Many Christmas Seals Sold

Corporations Increase Orders to Guard City's Health

The Red Cross Christmas Seal Committee yesterday received a subscription of \$25,000 from the Laura Spelman Rockefeller Memorial and a check for \$15,000 from John D. Rockefeller. The Heyden Chemical Company purchased \$15,000 worth of seals and J. P. Morgan \$1,000 worth.

Thousands of orders for seals, ranging from \$1 upward, are being received daily, the committee announced. The increase in the number of corporations which have invested to guard the city's health has been notable over previous years, it was said. Great assistance has been rendered by the newspapers, it was added, in carrying Christmas seal coupons.

John Ward Men's Shoes

"CORDITE" CORDOVAN
The John Ward standard in horsehide—makes a princely shoe. On the King's own last its a royal combination
—Twelve Dollars

21-23 Cortlandt Street 80-82 Nassau Street
1401-1403 Broadway and 131-133 West 38th Street



Martens Ready To Tell Senate 'All He Knows'

Soviet Envoy Says He Will Reveal "Counter Revolutionary Propaganda" in America Against Russia

New Inquiry Welcomed

Full Information in Regard to His Mission in This Country Is Promised

Ludwig C. A. K. Martens, head of the Russian Soviet Bureau, who has refused to answer questions put to him by the Lusk legislative committee, last night announced that he was ready to appear before the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations at Washington and tell all he knows.

He said he was prepared to make sensational disclosures concerning "counter-revolutionary propaganda" which he alleges has been carried on in this country against Soviet Russia.

For weeks Mr. Martens has defied the Lusk committee. When the committee obtained a writ calling upon him to show cause why he should not be imprisoned for contempt, Mr. Martens departed for Washington. He admitted that he had removed from the jurisdiction of the state certain letters and documents demanded by the committee.

Secret Courier Service Charged

Some of the questions which Mr. Martens refused to answer concerned the maintenance of a secret courier service between his bureau at 110 West Fortieth Street, and the Bolshevik leaders in Russia, by which messages and money are sent here by Lenin and Trotsky. When Mr. Martens refused to comply with the subpoena of the Lusk Committee became known at Washington the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations was authorized to subpoena him.

"We welcome the action of the Senate in ordering an investigation of all Russian agencies in America," said a statement issued by Mr. Martens' bureau last night. "We have sought to present our case to the American people and to the American government in the frank manner. We are especially pleased that the terms of the resolution are broad enough to bring our case to the attention of the American people at this time."

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Counter Propaganda Alleged

"An extensive propaganda has been carried on in America by various agents of the counter-revolutionary factions, and it is essential to a clear understanding of the Russian situation that the extent and nature of this propaganda and the interests which are supporting it should be revealed. We are confident that such an investigation as the Foreign Relations Committee is now empowered to conduct will reveal facts of the greatest importance to the American people at this time."

Newspapers to Raise Price

New York Sunday Editions To Be 10 Cents Outside City

Publishers of all newspapers in New York, except two which already have increased their rates, will advance the price of Sunday papers in the country districts to 10 cents on or before January 4, in answer to the plea of the House Committee on Postoffice and Postroads that newspaper publishers immediately reduce consumption of newspaper paper 10 per cent below normal to relieve the paper shortage.

Dinner to Retiring Prosecutor

Friends have arranged a testimonial dinner to District Attorney Albert C. Fach, of Richmond, who will retire December 31 after three terms in office. The dinner will be given December 29.

Why Aren't You Taking Nujol For Constipation?

Nujol will teach you the healthiest habit in the world.

Get a bottle from your druggist today and write for free booklet "Thirty Feet of Danger" to Nujol Laboratories, Standard Oil Co. (New Jersey), 30 Broadway, New York.

Sickness Prevention

Bolsheviki Seize Unit of American Red Cross Train

'Reds' Announce Capture of 10,500 in Eastern Siberia; 700 Kolchak Men Reported Frozen Dead in Hospital

LONDON, Dec. 22.—When Nova Nikolayev, in eastern Siberia, was captured on December 13, 10,000 soldiers and 500 officers fell into the hands of the Bolsheviks, according to an official statement issued by the Soviet government at Moscow. Booty taken by the Reds comprised a section of the American Red Cross, the Ufa branch of the State Bank with 40,000,000 rubles in Siberian bank notes and masses of other stores, it is said.

Severe fighting is going on in the Narva, Kiev and Kharkov region, the statement declares.

Seven hundred soldiers of the army commanded by Admiral Kolchak, head of the All-Russian government in Siberia, have been found frozen to death in a hospital near Omsk, according to a wireless dispatch received here from Moscow.

A statement issued by the War Office today on the situation in south Russia says that reports of the Bolsheviks of Tairitsyn, the Bolsheviks were retreating before Caucasian cavalry.

Dons Reported Retiring

On the Don front Bolshevik cavalry raids have penetrated deeply into the Russian territory. The Bolsheviks are reported to have captured a train of 17, a train on this line was blown up near Cardenas in the State of San Luis Potosi, and ten passengers and soldiers are said to have been killed by the party of seventy-five bandits in the marauding band. About twenty-eight persons are said to have been killed in a similar incident on that line on December 6.

Widow Tells Senators Of Raid at Columbus

EL PASO, Dec. 22.—Mrs. Susan A. Moore, widow of John J. Moore, a storekeeper killed during the Villa raid on Columbus, N. M., March 9, 1916, at a hearing here today by the Senate sub-committee investigating Mexican affairs, testified concerning the killing of her husband and the looting carried on by the bandits.

Reports that Columbus was to be raided had been received by Mrs. Moore and others in Columbus during six weeks previous to the raid, she said, but little credence was given them.

The hearing was conducted by Major Dan M. Jackson, of El Paso, secretary of the sub-committee. The other witnesses, Joe Allen Richards, who discovered the bodies of the United States aviators Lieutenant Cecil Connelly and Fred Waterhouse in Lower California, where they were forced to die.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—State Department advisers today reported that Bolshevik attacks in Estonia were increasing and that negotiations for the withdrawal into Lettonia of General Rudenka's Russian army were in progress.

With the capture of Taiga, at the junction of the branch line to Tomsk, Polish troops west of that point will have to fight their way eastward, the report said.

The Soviet government is trying to stimulate construction of army tanks, and has offered prizes ranging from \$5,000 to \$50,000 rubles for plans to be the property of the Soviet government, according to an advertisement in a Petrograd paper of November 11.

A Last Minute Tip

He needs some shirts—and the kind he'd like are Paramount Shirts—extraordinary values at \$2.00.

You can shop in a hurry at Paramount Shops—and they're conveniently located. Why not settle all your masculine gift problems with one quick stroke?

Look over this list of likely gifts, tempting in price and tempting in quality—the kind men buy for themselves, therefore most appreciated.

Paramount Neckwear—clean-cut and snappy, \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00—in gift boxes.

Paramount Hosiery—generous in value—cotton, \$1.50 per box of six; silk, \$2.00 per box of six; silk plait, \$3.75 per box of six.

Interwoven Hose—silk, 50c pair; silk, \$1.00 pair—in Xmas boxes.

Handkerchiefs—box of six, \$1.50 and \$2.00. Crepe Silk, \$1.00 each.

Suspenders—in individual gift boxes, 75c to \$1.00.

And there are others—all guaranteed to give absolute satisfaction or your money back.

Open until midnight for late shoppers.

Cordially, A. J. Gump

Stores open until midnight to serve late gift buyers.

PAR-AMOUNT SHIRT SHOPS, INC.

296 Third Avenue, at 59th Street.
298 Third Ave., at 125th St., Harlem.
160 Nassau Street, Tribune Building.
1526 Third Avenue, at 86th Street.
No. 1 Main St., Getty Square, Yonkers.

Lansing Insists Mexico Release 2 Bluejackets

Note Follows Report From U. S. Consul at Mazatlan That Sailors Are Being Held on 'Various Pretexts'

In Prison Since Nov. 12

State Department Notified Bandits Seized Rancher With Carranzistas Near

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—The United States consul at Mazatlan, Mexico, advised the State Department today that the two American bluejackets, Leonard and Martin, who were arrested in that city November 12 for participating in a street fight, were being held on "various pretexts," despite his every effort to obtain their release. No explanation of the nature of the "pretext" was given in the report.

The State Department at once instructed the American Embassy at Mexico City to make representations to the Carranza government looking toward the immediate release of the sailors.

The department was advised that when Frederick Hugo, the American ranch manager, was kidnapped by a force of 400 Villista bandits, in the sacking of Muzquiz, a detachment of Carranza troops, numbering 750 and provided with machine guns and commanded by Generals Bicaud and Peraldi, were within forty miles of the scene of the raid, but made no effort to stop the sacking or enter the city until the bandits had departed.

When Hugo was released he promised the bandits to pay them a ransom of \$1,500 within twelve days, the department was informed.

These reports formed the basis of instructions sent to the American Consul at Mazatlan to "insist to the Mexican Foreign Office that such outrages shall not be repeated" and to renew the request that steps be taken immediately by the Carranza authorities to arrest Hugo's abductors.

When Muzquiz was raided, the bandits carried away from American-owned ranches in the vicinity approximately 100,000 pesos (\$50,000) in cash, 148 horses, and large quantities of food, according to reports reaching the State Department.

Five attacks in the last five weeks on railroad trains, their passengers and crews, on the line between San Luis Potosi and Tampico, were reported to the State Department. On December 17, a train on this line was blown up near Cardenas in the State of San Luis Potosi, and ten passengers and soldiers are said to have been killed by the party of seventy-five bandits in the marauding band. About twenty-eight persons are said to have been killed in a similar incident on that line on December 6.

Defense Seeks to Prove New Mentally Defective

Evidence Also Offered That Slain Girl Expressed a Wish to Die

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 22.—Efforts today to prove that Harry S. New, on trial charged with the murder of his fiancée, Freda Lesser, was insane, and that Miss Lesser, shortly before the alleged murder in Topanga Canyon, near here, July 5, was despondent and expressed the wish to die, marked the opening of the case of the defense.

As long ago as 1909 New was known to associates as "Natty" New, according to a deposition read to the jury.

The prosecution, which closed its case before noon, produced as a witness Mrs. L. M. Zier, formerly of Indianapolis, who testified that New had told her after the alleged crime that he was not insane and objected to a defense of insanity.

The prosecution also introduced through the testimony of H. H. Cline, a police detective, a second alleged written confession by New. J. H. Richardson, a newspaper man, testified that New had admitted to him that he killed Miss Lesser because she would not marry him, and was emphatic in asserting that there was no foundation for reports that the girl might have killed herself.

The first defense witness was A. N. Burger, of Glendale, a suburb, who worked where New and Miss Lesser were employed. He testified that in June he heard Miss Lesser exclaim to Miss Edna Clancy a half-sister of New and other girls:

"I wish I were dead."

Compte Davis, of counsel for the defense, said he introduced this testimony in connection with the contention of the defense that Miss Lesser was in such a state of mind because of the expected birth of a child that she was likely to have taken her own life.

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Sure Relief

6 BELLANS Hot water Sure Relief

BELLANS FOR INDIGESTION

send after being lost on a flight from San Diego, Cal., by Major Jackson previous to opening of hearings on the border by the three Senators comprising the committee. It was also the target for many bullets effect the Americans were murdered by Mexicans.

Major Jackson said today the committee would begin hearings on the border soon after January 1. He said Antonio, Tex. Senator Fall, chairman of the sub-committee, left here yesterday to spend Christmas with relatives at Nogales, Ariz.

Mrs. Moore, in her testimony, said the bandits came to their residence, about one and one-quarter miles from Columbus, and broke in. They shot and stabbed her husband, and before he died tore his clothes from him. She also was the target for many bullets when she tried to escape, and one hit her in the leg. She succeeded in escaping and hiding by a fence, where American soldiers found her.

The Mexicans so badly mutilated her husband that after his death Mrs. Moore was not allowed to see his body, she said. Despite her wounds, she accompanied the body to her husband's former home in Ohio, but could only watch the funeral from a cot near the window, she said.

The Moore store in Columbus was looted, Mrs. Moore testified. She also told of meeting and talking with Mrs. Maud H. Wright, who had been captured and held prisoner nine days by Carranza troops, numbering 750 and provided with machine guns and commanded by Generals Bicaud and Peraldi, were within forty miles of the scene of the raid, but made no effort to stop the sacking or enter the city until the bandits had departed.

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